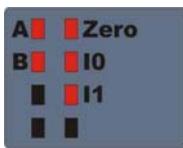


# incremental interface 5111

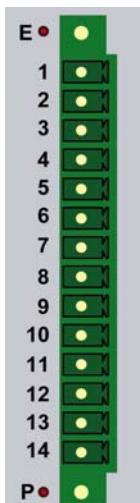


- Incremental interface
- Data input voltage +24V, single ended
- 1 interface

## Pinout



LED:	0; (8)	A
	1; (9)	B
	4; (12)	Zero
	5; (13)	I 0
	6; (14)	I 1
E:	for failure, red	
P:	power supply, red	



All Power +24V= and Power 0V are internal connected

\*) see notes

## Attributes

### Dataformat:

2 Byte Status  
4 Byte Counter

### Applications:

This print contains 2 programmable counter \*). According to the programming the following operating modes are possible:

- 32-bit incremental counter with quadruple rejection of the incremental impulses (default)
- 2 independent 16-bit UP/DOWN impulse counter with one counter at each case
- 32-bit UP/DOWN impulse counter with separate counter-input for UP and DOWN impulses

Available prints :

- @P5111L: incremental interface, 24V input
- @P5111R: incremental interface, 24V input

### Related Applications:

5V input voltage

- @P5110: incremental interface, 5V input

\*) see notes

## Electrical Data

Power supply external.....	GND required, see notes, +24V DC ±20%, optional
Supply current.....	5mA at +24 V
Operating current @ctiveBus.....	25mA at +3,3V / 30mA at +5V
Input protection.....	30V overvoltage
Counter .....	32 bit
Limiting frequency.....	200 kHz
Data input .....	+24V signal

## incremental interface 5111

### System Information

System ID ..... 0x0187  
 System address space ..... 48 bit in, 48 bit out

### Environmental Conditions

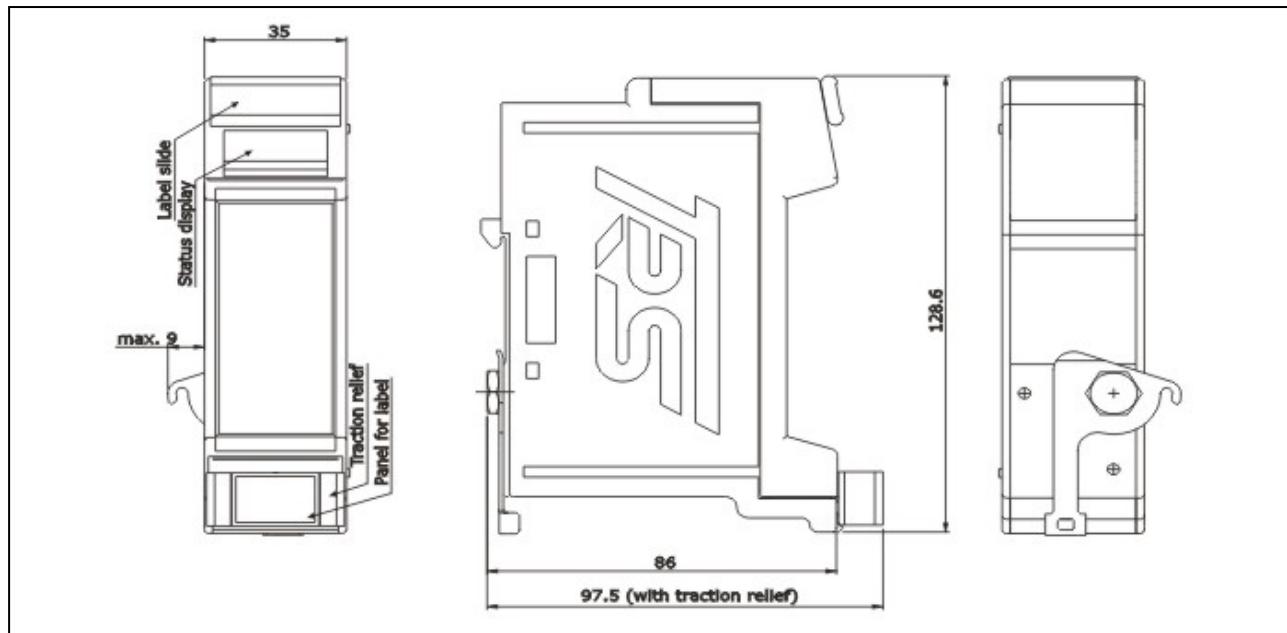
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) ..... EN 61000-4-2 (IEC-801-2) / EN 61000-4-4 (IEC-801-4)  
 Operating temperature [°C] ..... 0 .. +55  
 Storage temperature [°C] ..... -20 .. +70  
 Humidity (rel) ..... 98 % (non condensing)  
 Protection class\* ..... IP 20 (DIN 40 050)

\*The protection class is valid only with housing and connector installed

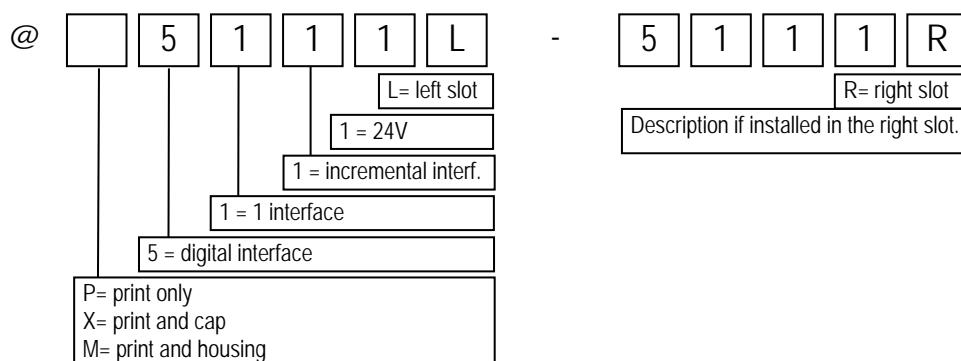
### Mechanical Data PCB

Weight ..... approx. 0.05 kg including connector  
 Dimension ..... 105mm x 80mm x 12mm

### Drawing (effective if mounted in @M housing)



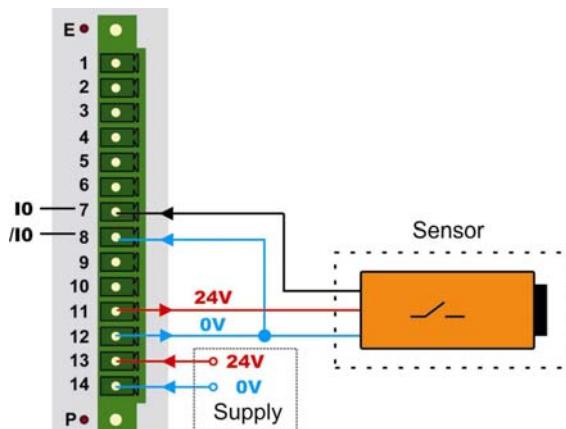
### Ordering Key



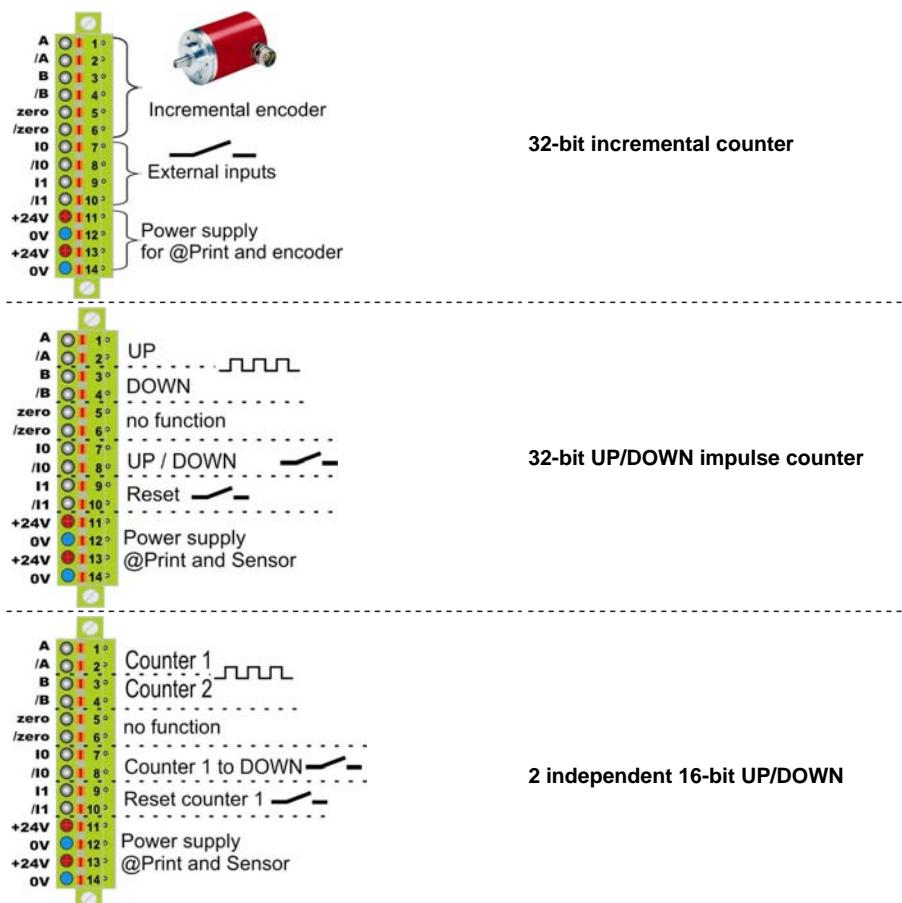
## incremental interface 5111

### notes:

Example of application for the inputs (I0 +/I0).



### Connection at operating mode:



### Power Supply for the @Print

The power supply can be chosen freely. Selection between **4 - 28V**. This can be dependent from the supply for the encoder/sensor.  
**Caution! Never connect different voltage potential!**

## incremental interface 5111

### notes:

System bus data:

Bit	Name	Description	
0-15	Low Word 32bit Counter / Counter 1	Depending on operating mode this value is the 32bit-counter or the value of the independent 16bit-counters	
16-31	High Word 32bit Counter / Counter 2		
32	E0 = REF_CAM	Value of input I0	
33	E1 = Special	Value of input I1	
34	ZERO	Value of Input zero	
35	EN_ZERO	write 1:	inputs 'I0' together with Input 'zero' set the counter to 0
		read:	set to 1 if counter is set to 0
36	EN_LOAD_CNT	write 1:	Copy bits 0-31 to counter
		read:	set to 1 if finished copying
37	not used		
38	not used		
39	WR_EN	must be set to one to use any function	
40	STOP_Z1	stop counter1 or 32bit-counter	
41	INV_Z1	change direction of counter 1 or 32bit-counter	
42	OVER_Z1	write	clear overflow-bit counter 1
		read	read overflow-bit counter 1
43	STOP_Z2	stop counter 2	
44	DOWN_Z2	set counter 2 countdirection to DOWN	
45	OVER_Z2	write	clear overflow-bit counter 2
		read	read overflow-bit counter 2
46	not used		
47	not used		

### Reset 32Bit Counter using inputs I0 /I0 and zero /zero

- Set Bit35 and Bit 39 to 1
- Signal I0 together with Signal zero set the counter to 0

To check if the counter has been reset, read bit 35. If bit 35 is 1 the counter has been reset. To reset the counter again first write 0 to bit 35 and then write 1 to bit 35.

### Set 32Bit Counter

- Set bit 0 – 31 to the new counter value
- Set bit 36 and Bit 39 to 1

To check if the counter has been set, read bit 36. If bit 36 is 1 the counter has been set. To set the counter again first write 0 to bit 36 and then write 1 to bit 36.

### Caution:

**Power 0V has to be directly connected with power 0V of the interface partner and power 0V of the controller-module.**

### History:

Version	Description	Date
00	Serie 0	09/02
01	Added: electrical data operating current	09/03
02	Added: connection examples	03/05
03	Layout changed	06/08